



## BIOSCIENCE

Randomized comparison of Ultrathin Strut Orsiro with Xience Prime. All-comers results out to 5 years

### Conclusions

- In this 2,119 patient, randomized, all-comers trial, Orsiro<sup>®</sup> demonstrated non-inferiority to Xience Prime\* for TLF at 12 months. At 5 years, TLF rates show no significant difference
- Landmark analysis provided an indication that Orsiro may reduce the rate of Stent Thrombosis (ST) after the first year of follow-up
- A meta-analysis including the BIOSCIENCE 5-year data shows lower rates of Myocardial Infarction (MI) for Orsiro versus Xience which could be attributed to Orsiro's ultrathin struts<sup>1</sup>

### Study design

Prospective, all-comers, multi-center, randomized, non-inferiority design

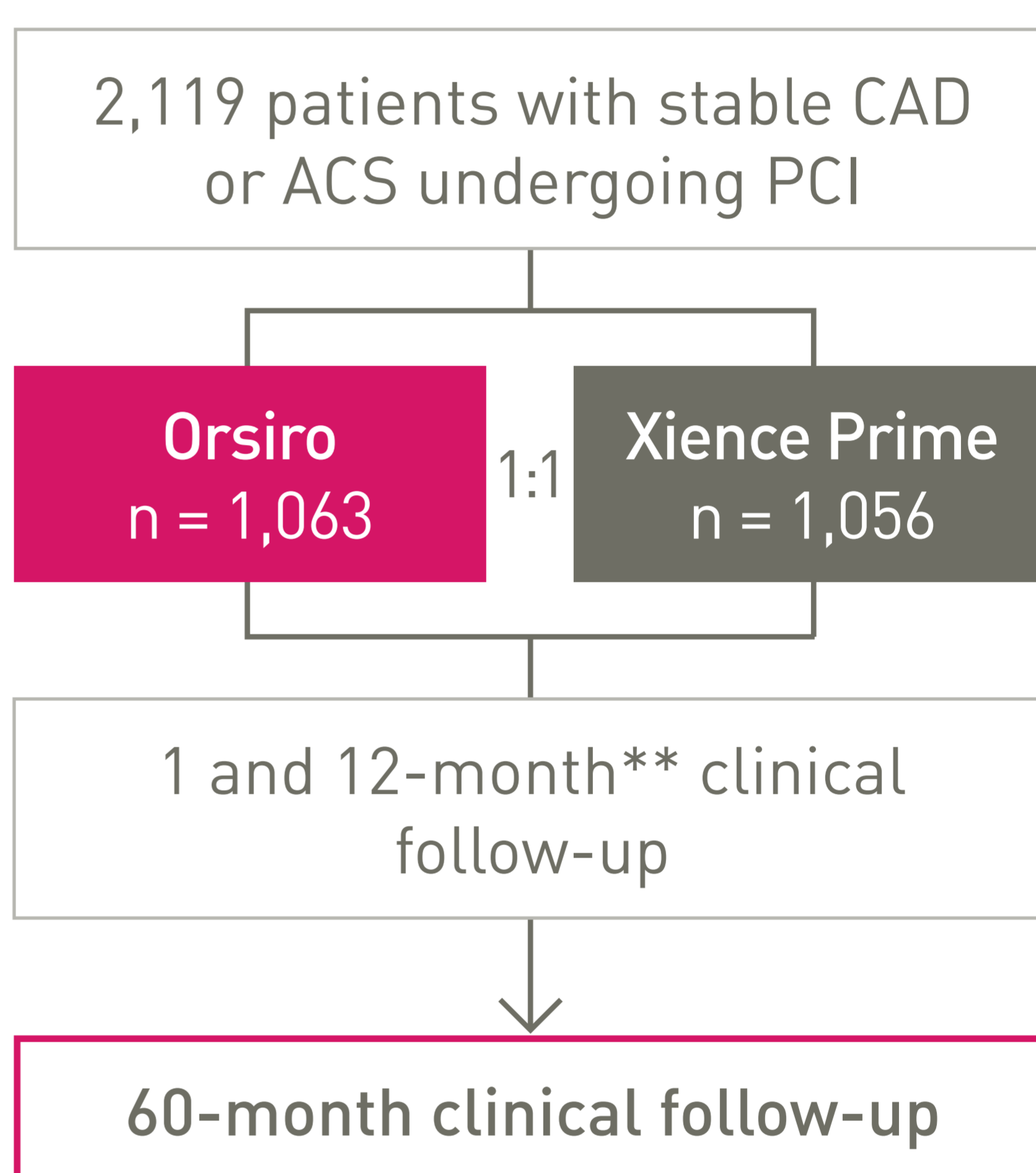
### Endpoints

#### Primary endpoint

- Target Lesion Failure (TLF)

#### Secondary endpoints

- Death
- Cardiac death
- Myocardial Infarction (MI)
- Target Lesion Revascularization (TLR)
- Target Vessel Revascularization (TVR)
- Definite ST<sup>§</sup>
- Definite or Probable ST
- Target Vessel Failure (TVF)



### Patient characteristics<sup>2</sup>

	Orsiro n = 1,063	Xience Prime n = 1,056
Diabetes	24%	22%
<b>Indication</b>		
Unstable angina	7%	7%
NSTEMI	27%	27%
STEMI	20%	19%
Stable angina	31%	31%
Silent ischemia	15%	16%

### Lesion characteristics<sup>2</sup>

	Orsiro n = 1,594 <sup>¶</sup>	Xience Prime n = 1,454 <sup>¶</sup>
Left main artery	2%	2%
Left anterior descending artery	41%	44%
Left circumflex artery	23%	22%
Right coronary artery	32%	29%
Coronary artery bypass graft	11%	9%
Long lesion (>20 mm)	54%	57%
Small vessel (<2.75 mm)	29%	32%

\* Xience and Xience Prime are registered trademarks of Abbott Cardiovascular Systems

\*\*Primary endpoint

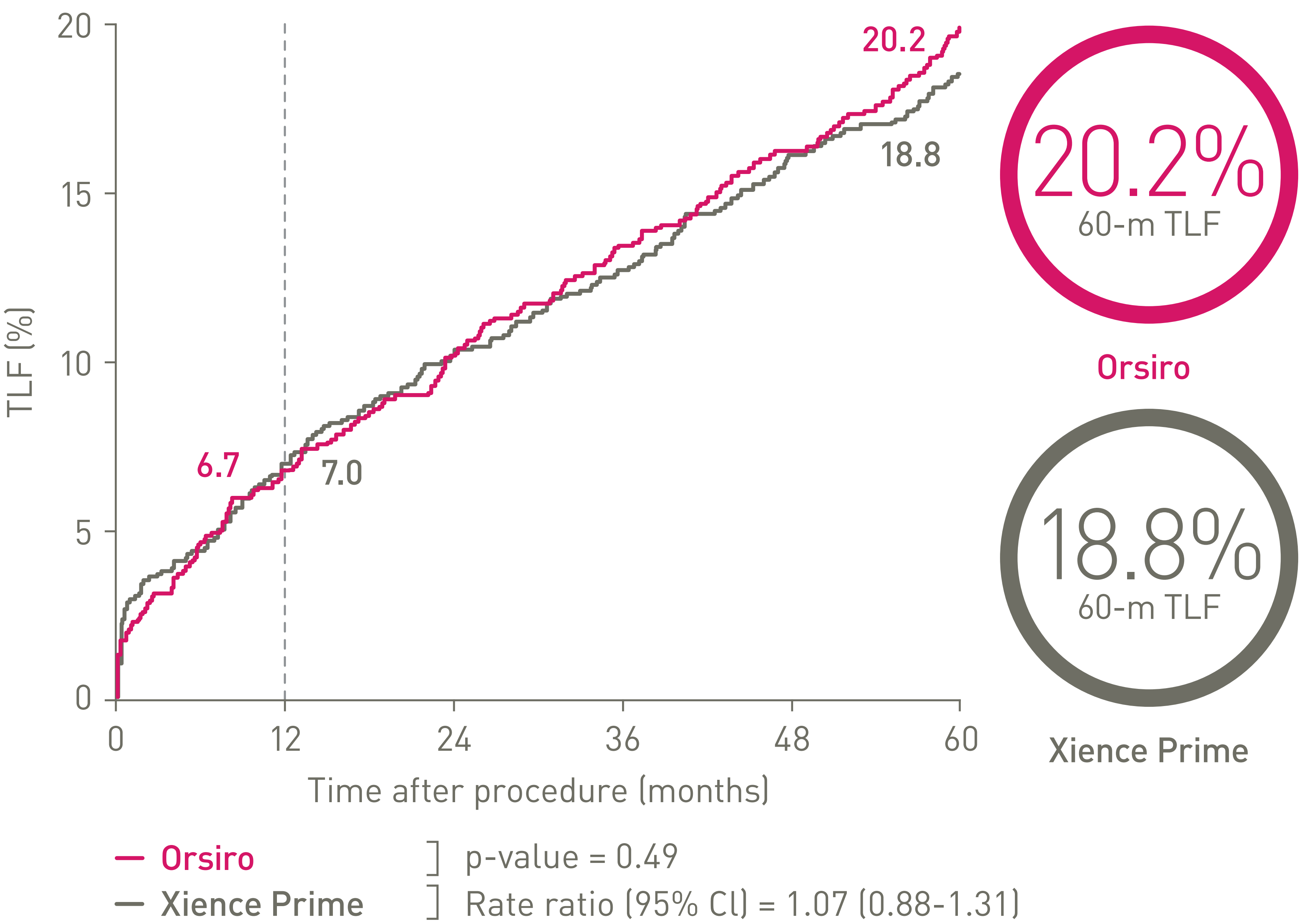
§ ST as per ARC definition

¶ Number of lesions

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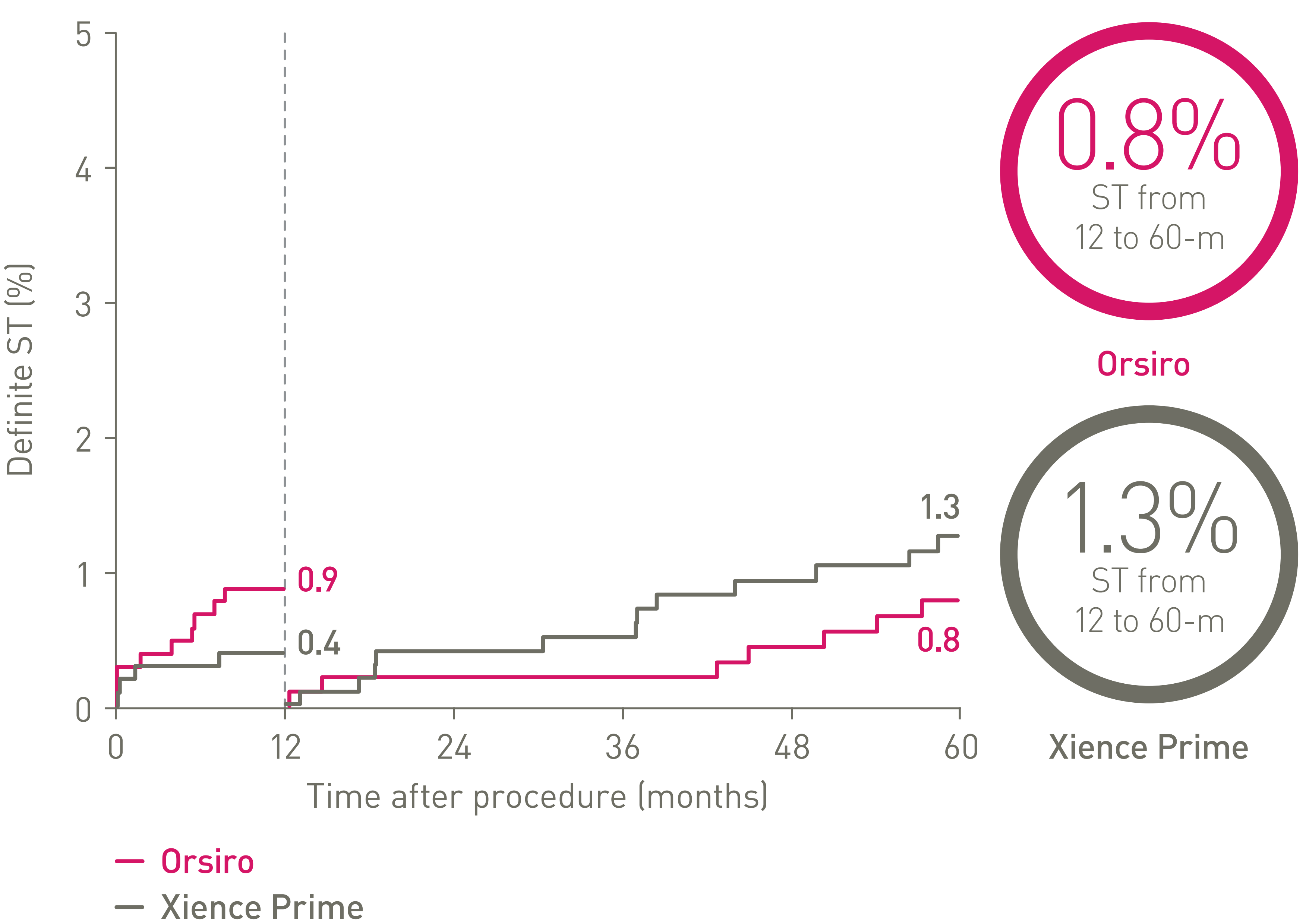
## TLF rates - all subjects out to 5 years<sup>3, 4</sup>



## Components of TLF<sup>4</sup>

	Orsiro n = 1,063	Xience Prime n = 1,056	p-value
<b>12 months</b>			
Cardiac death	1.9%	2.1%	0.7627
Target Vessel MI	2.9%	3.3%	0.6057
Clinically indicated TLR	3.5%	2.4%	0.1498
<b>60 months</b>			
Cardiac death	8.6%	7.5%	0.5686
Target Vessel MI	6.3%	7.1%	0.5950
Clinically indicated TLR	10.8%	10.0%	0.5036

## Landmark analysis for definite ST<sup>3</sup>



## ST at 1 year,<sup>\*\*</sup> between 1 year and 5 years, and at 5 years<sup>4</sup>

	Orsiro n = 1,063	Xience Prime n = 1,056	p-value
<b>Definite ST</b>			
At 1 year	0.9%	0.4%	0.1650
From 1 to 5 years	0.8%	1.3%	0.2861
At 5 years	1.6%	1.6%	0.9497
<b>Definite or Probable ST</b>			
At 1 year	2.8%	3.6%	0.2623
From 1 to 5 years	3.6%	4.3%	0.6389
At 5 years	6.3%	7.7%	0.2637

\*\*Includes additional ST events identified by sites after the 12-month follow-up. Therefore, this rate updates the original analysis reported in Pilgrim T et al. The Lancet 384.9960 (2014): 2111-2122.

## Principal investigator

Prof. Stephan Windecker, Bern, Switzerland

1. Pilgrim T. et al. Randomized comparison of a novel, ultrathin cobalt-chromium biodegradable polymer sirolimus-eluting stent with a thin strut durable polymer everolimus-eluting stent for percutaneous coronary revascularization – final 5 year outcomes; Presented at: ESC Congress; August 28, 2018; Munich, Germany; ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT01443104; 2. Pilgrim T. et al. BIOSCIENCE: a randomised, single-blind, noninferiority trial. The Lancet 384.9960 (2014): 2111-2122; 3. Pilgrim T, Piccolo R, Heg D, et al. Ultrathin-strut, biodegradable-polymer, sirolimus-eluting stents versus thin-strut, durable-polymer, everolimus-eluting stents for percutaneous coronary revascularisation: 5-year outcomes of the BIOSCIENCE randomised trial. The Lancet. 2018 Sep 1;392(10149):737-46; 4. Pilgrim T. et al. 5-year outcomes of the BIOSCIENCE randomised trial. Supplementary appendix; Lancet 2018; published online Aug 28. [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(18\)31715-X](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(18)31715-X).

Clinical data conducted with Orsiro, Orsiro Mission's predecessor device can be used to illustrate Orsiro Mission clinical outcomes.

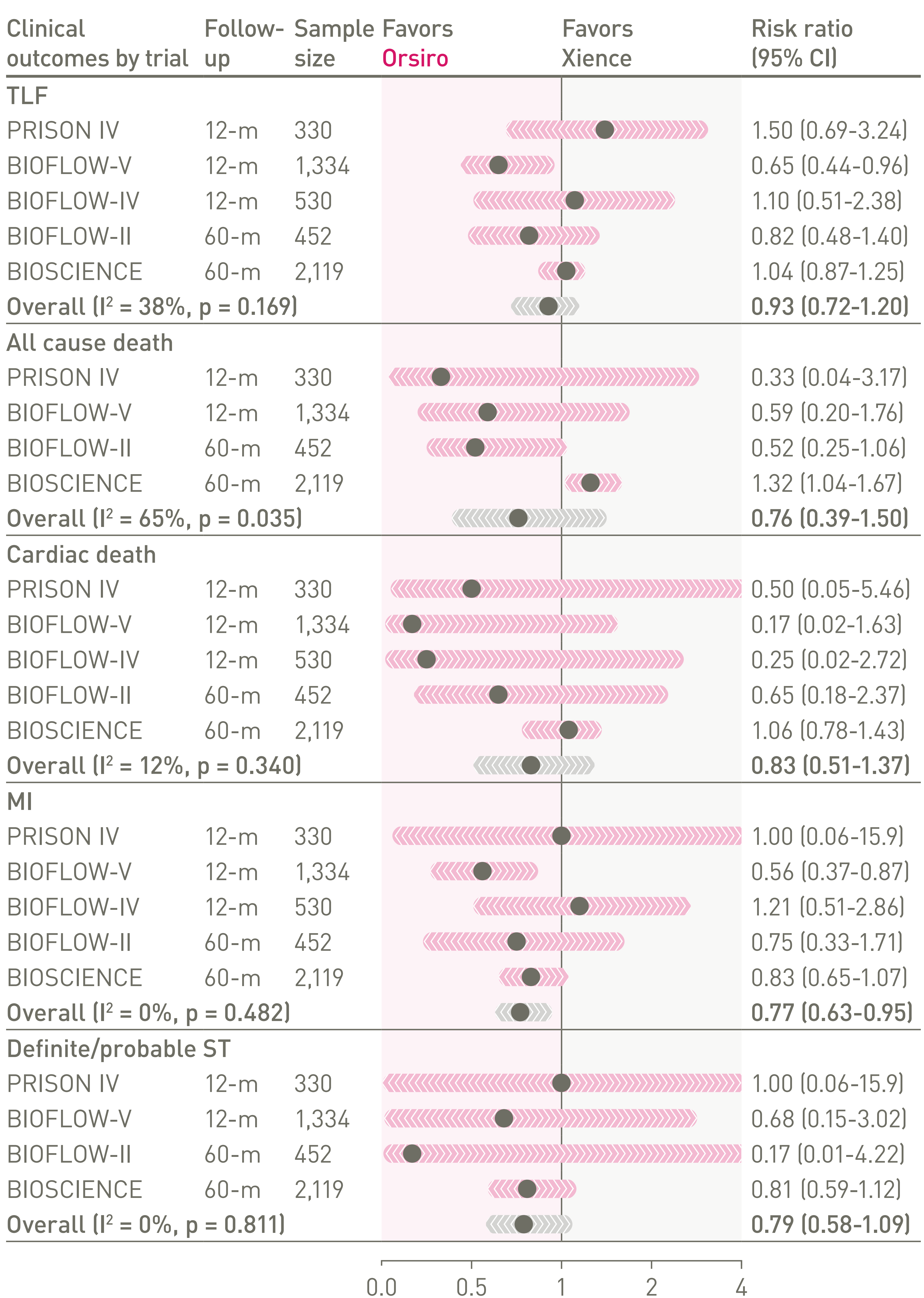
## Vascular Intervention // Coronary // Orsiro

Randomized comparison of Ultrathin Strut Orsiro with Xience Prime. All-comers results out to 5 years

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## Meta-analysis of five RCTs comparing Orsiro vs. Xience<sup>1</sup>



1. Pilgrim T. et al. Randomized comparison of a novel, ultrathin cobalt-chromium biodegradable polymer sirolimus-eluting stent with a thin strut durable polymer everolimus-eluting stent for percutaneous coronary revascularization – final 5 year outcomes; Presented at: ESC Congress; August 28, 2018; Munich, Germany.

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## BIOSCIENCE

### 24-month clinical follow-up from the ST-segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction (STEMI) Subgroup

## Conclusions

- In the BIOSCIENCE all-comers trial, Orsiro® proved superior to Xience Prime\* in STEMI patients out to 24 months
- Orsiro shows significantly lower rates in Target Lesion Failure (TLF) compared to Xience Prime in the high-risk subgroup of STEMI out to 24 months
- Orsiro shows numerically lower Stent Thrombosis (ST) rates compared to Xience Prime

## Study design

STEMI Subgroup analysis from a large-scale, all-comers, investigator-initiated, single blind, multicentre, randomized, non-inferiority trial

## Endpoints

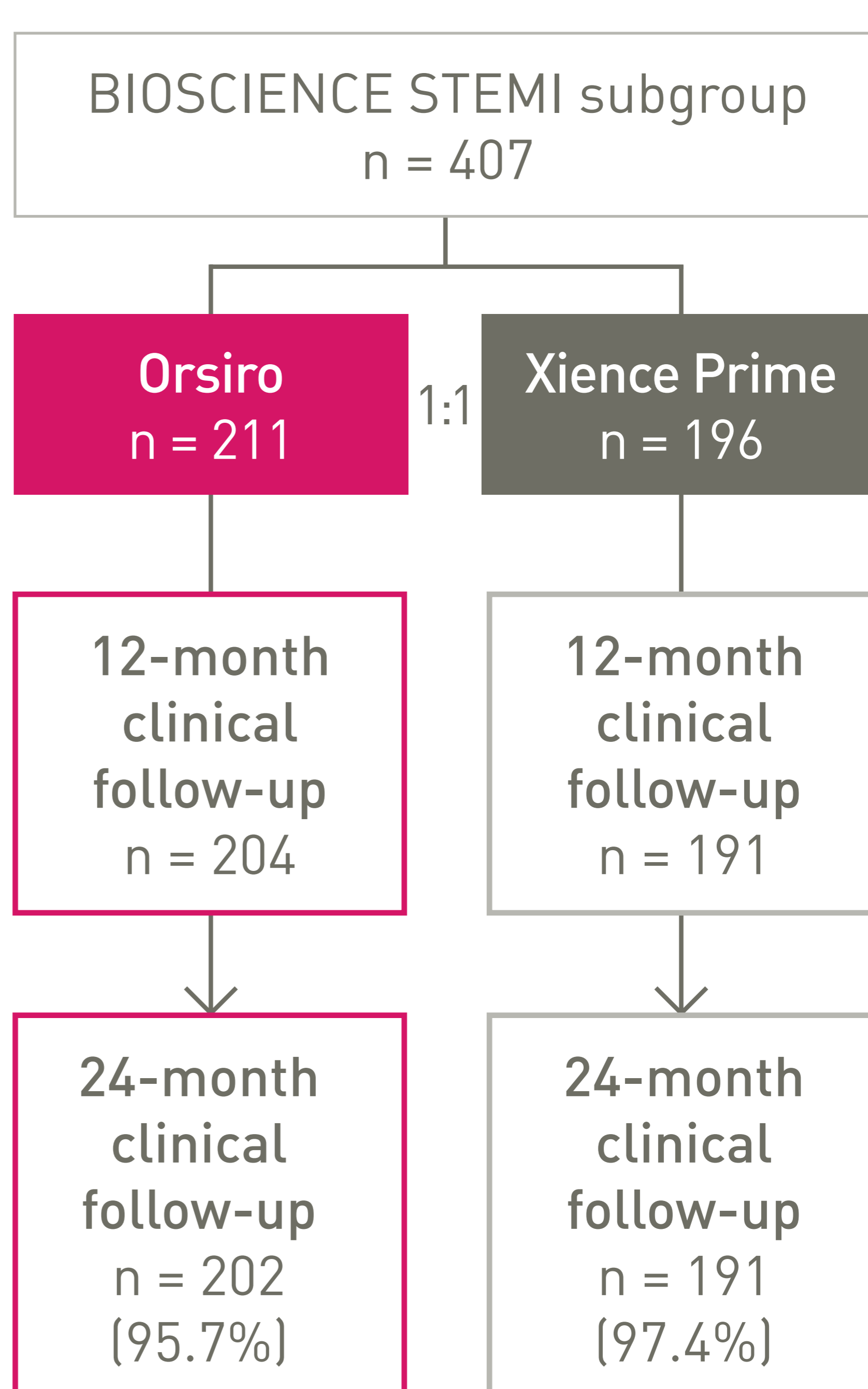
### Primary endpoint

TLF at 12 months follow-up defined as the composite of:

- Cardiac death
- Target Vessel-Myocardial Infarction (TV-MI)
- Clinically-indicated Target Lesion Revascularization (TLR)

### Selected secondary endpoints

- Individual components of the primary endpoint
- Definite or Probable Stent Thrombosis (Def/Prob ST)



## Patient characteristics<sup>1</sup>

	Orsiro n = 211	Xience Prime n = 196
Age, yrs**	61.3 ± 12.4	61.7 ± 12.7
Male gender	80.6%	77%
Diabetes mellitus	14.2%	13.8%
Hypertension	48.6% <sup>†</sup>	50.3% <sup>†</sup>
Hypercholesterolemia	52.1%	51.5%
Previous MI	4.7%	4.6%
Previous PCI	5.7%	4.1%
Previous CABG	2.4%	0.5%
Renal Failure (GFR<60 ml/min)	7.7%	9.6%
Left ventricular ejection fraction, %	49.5 ± 10.9 <sup>††</sup>	48.3 ± 11.1 <sup>††</sup>
Time to balloon inflation (from symptoms onset) (min)	248 (165-470) <sup>§</sup>	284 (162-534) <sup>§</sup>
Time from arrival at hospital to balloon inflation (min)	53 (32-94)	51 (33-95)

## Procedural and lesion characteristics<sup>1</sup>

	Orsiro n = 289 <sup>‡</sup>	Xience Prime n = 267 <sup>‡</sup>
No. of treated lesions per patient**	1.37 ± 0.73	1.36 ± 0.62
Thrombus aspiration per lesion	39.8%	34.7%
TIMI Flow per lesion	n = 282 <sup>‡</sup>	n = 263 <sup>‡</sup>
0 or 1	57.8%	51.7%
2	13.1%	17.9%
3	29.1%	30.4%

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\*\* Data shown as mean ± SD

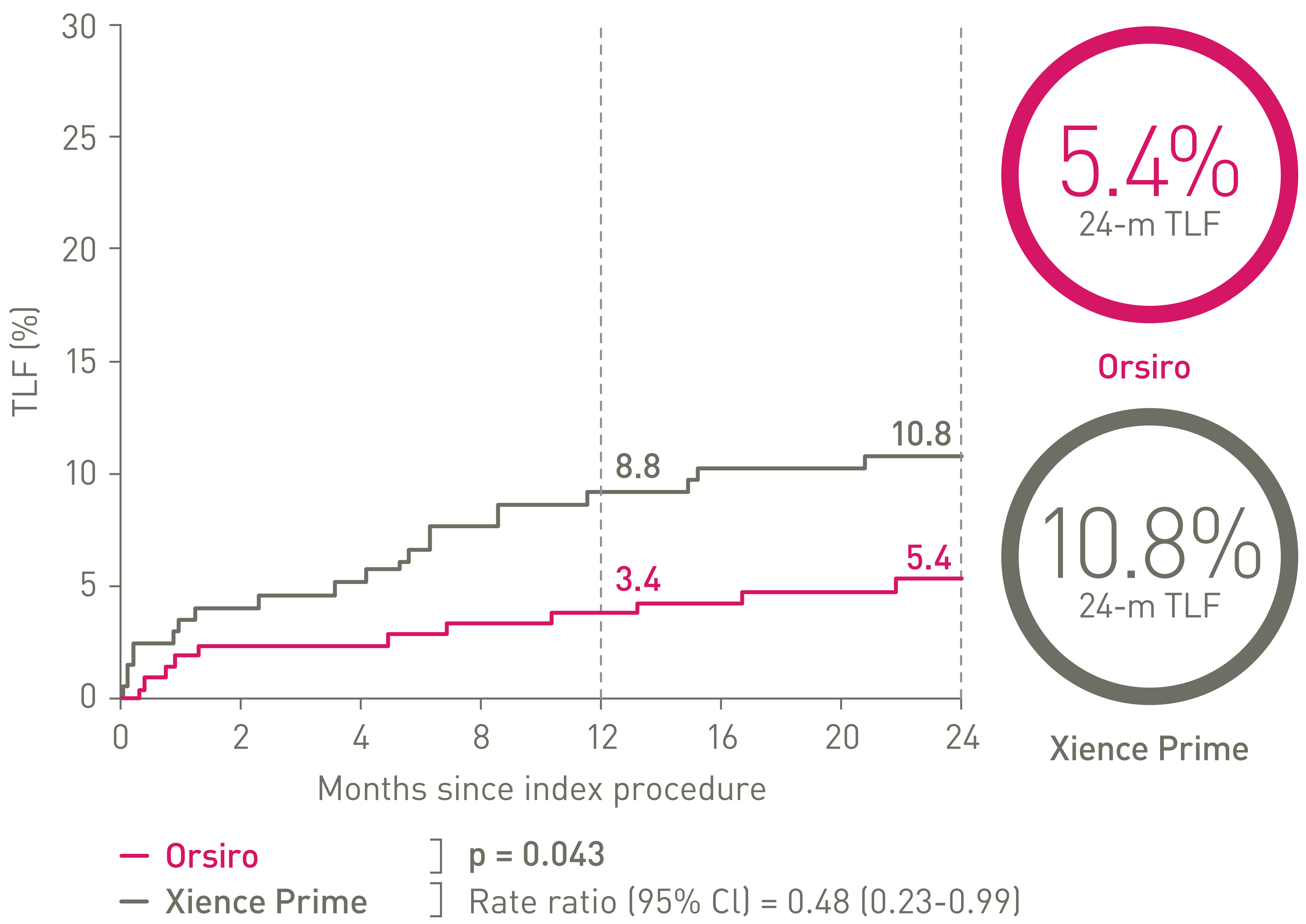
‡ Number of lesions

† Orsiro: n = 210; Xience Prime: n = 195

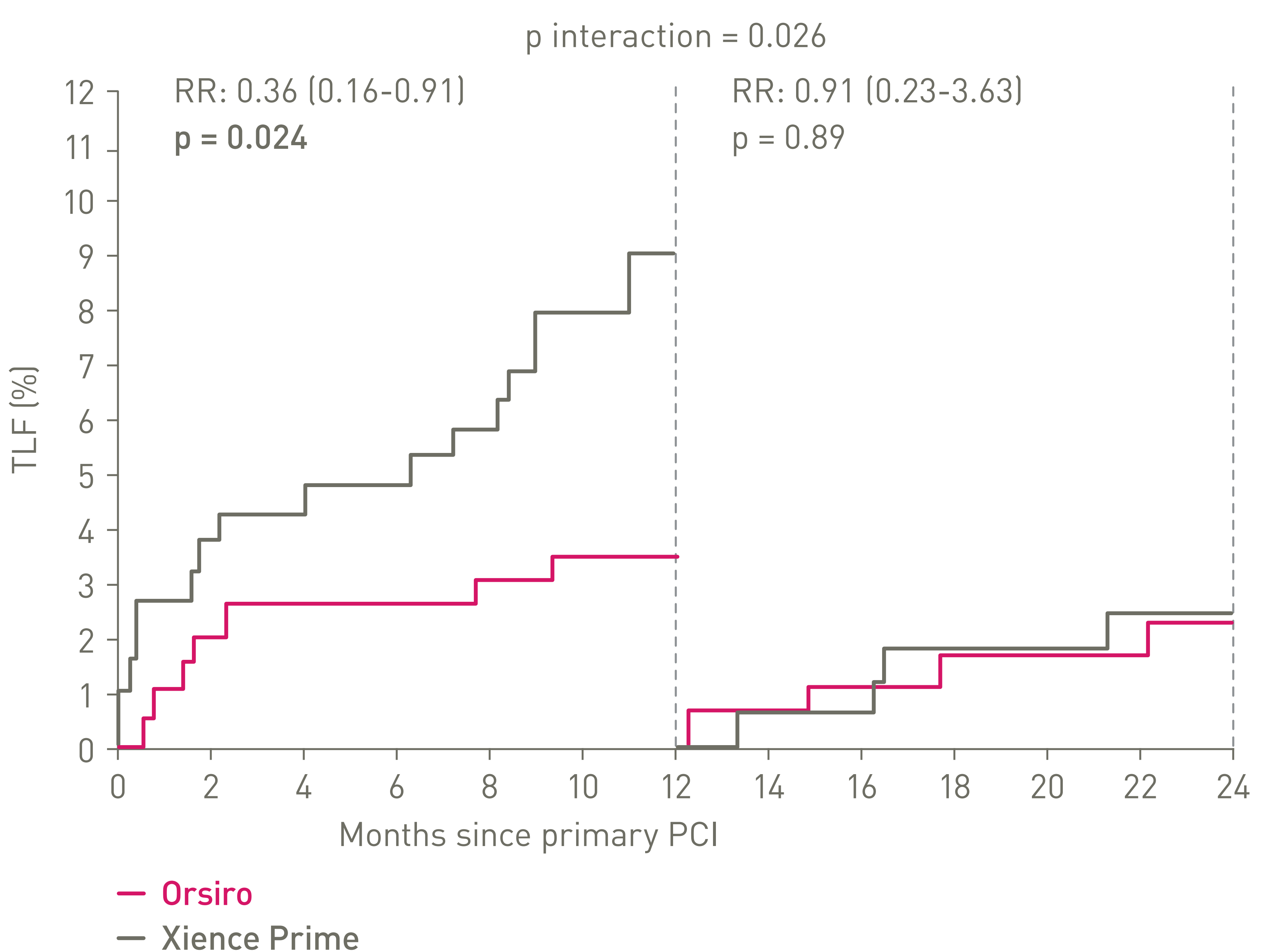
†† Orsiro: n = 167; Xience Prime: n = 157

§ Orsiro: n = 158; Xience Prime: n = 145

## Primary endpoint outcomes out to 24 months<sup>1,2</sup>



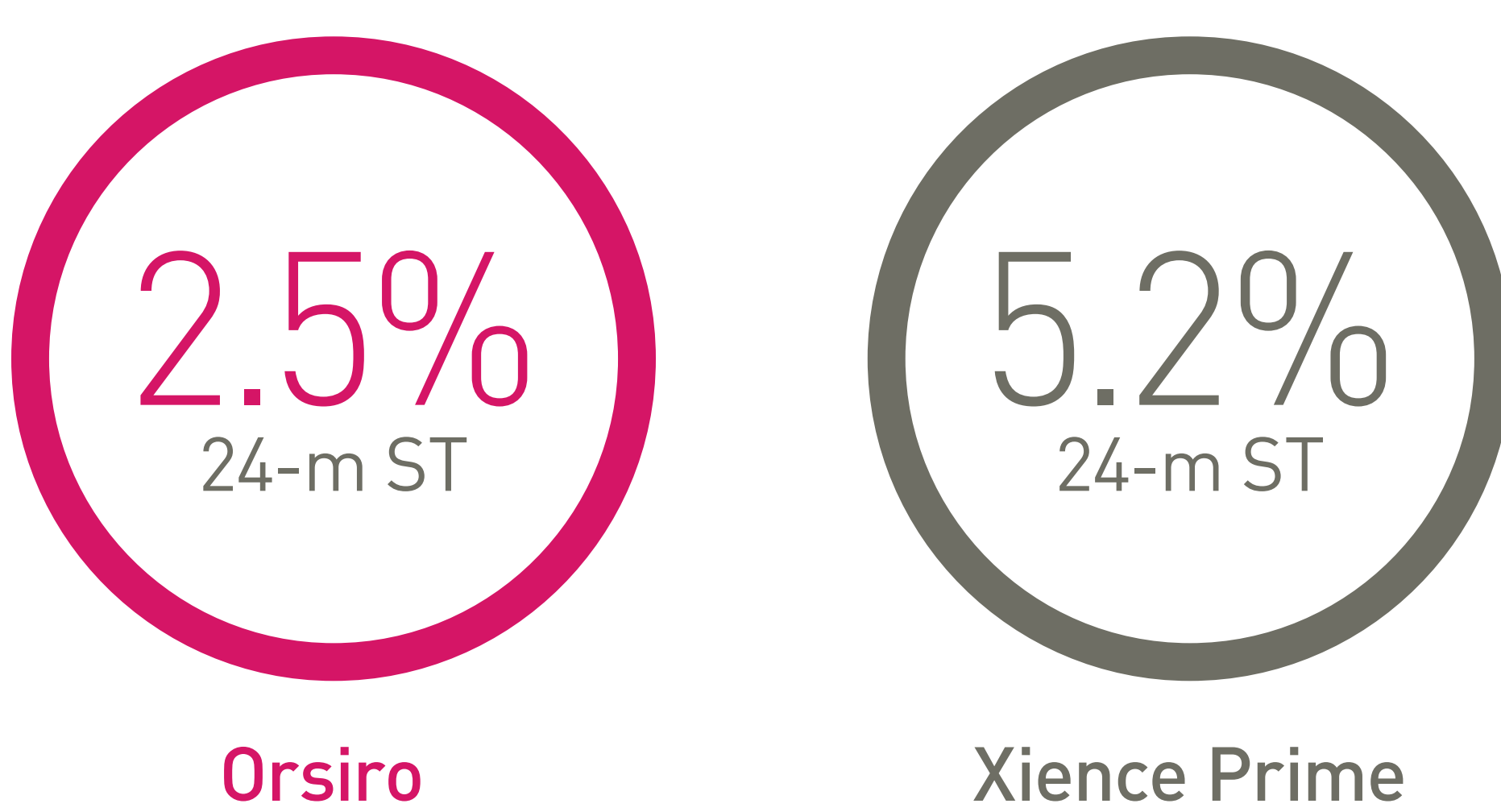
## TLF landmark analysis 1 - 2 years<sup>2</sup>



## Secondary endpoints outcomes

	Orsiro n = 211	Xience Prime n = 196	p-value
<b>12 months<sup>1</sup></b>			
Cardiac death	1.5%	4.7%	0.062
Target Vessel MI	0.5%	2.6%	0.082
Clinically-indicated TLR	1.5%	2.1%	0.631
Stent Thrombosis (Def/Prob ST)	1.4%	4.7%	0.060
<b>24 months<sup>2</sup></b>			
Cardiac death	2.0%	4.6%	0.13
Target Vessel MI	1.5%	3.2%	0.26
Clinically-indicated TLR	3.0%	4.3%	0.49
Stent Thrombosis (Def/Prob ST)	2.5%	5.2%	0.14

## Stent Thrombosis rate out to 24 months<sup>2</sup>



## Principal investigator

Prof. Stephan Windecker, Bern, Switzerland

1. Pilgrim T et al. Biodegradable polymer sirolimus-eluting stents versus durable polymer everolimus-eluting stents for primary percutaneous coronary revascularisation of acute myocardial infarction. EuroIntervention, 2016, 12. Jg., Nr. 11, S. e1343-e1354. 2. Piccolo R et al. Biodegradable polymer sirolimus-eluting stents vs. durable polymer everolimus-eluting stents in patients with STEMI: 2-year follow-up of the BIOSCIENCE trial. Presented at EuroPCR 2016; ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT01443104.

For indications please see Instructions For Use.

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